

# DLPP

## DANIELI LONG PRODUCTS PROPERTIES PREDICTOR



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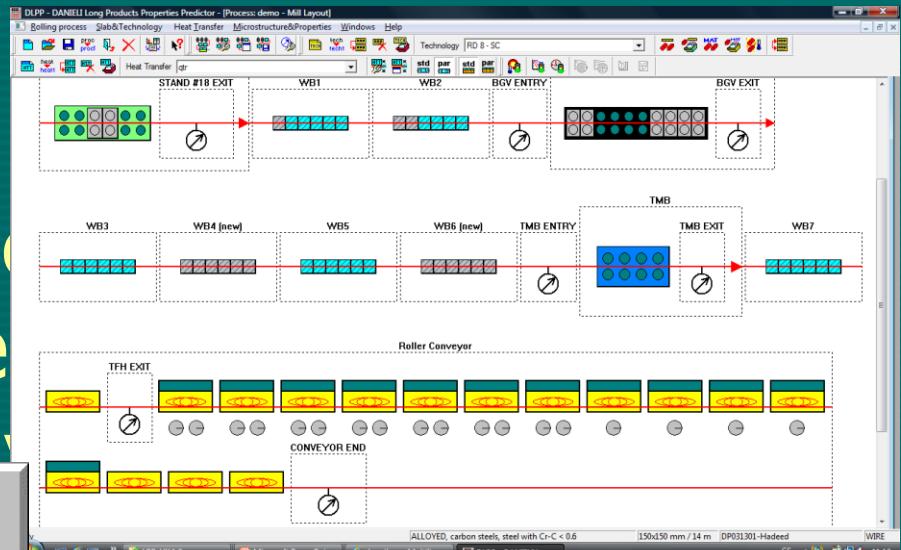


ITA Ltd.  
Ostrava, Czech republic

# DLPP - Danieli Long Products Properties Predictor

## Introduction

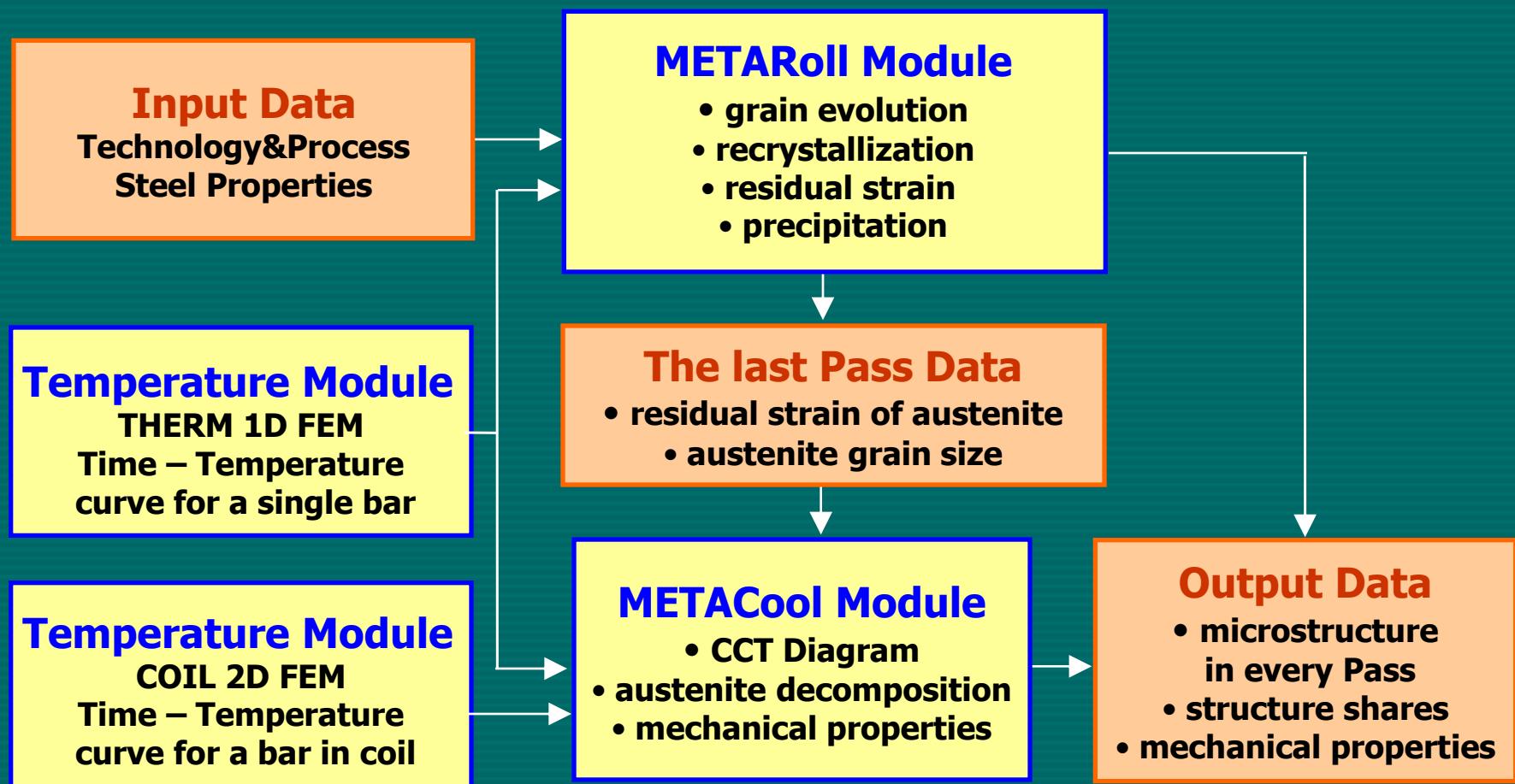
Commissioning  
grades and no  
using only process  
testing is not only



...  
A very useful  
offline tool for prediction of  
microstructure and final  
mechanical properties of hot  
rolled bars and wire rods.

# DLPP software

## Chart of main physically based executive modules



# DLPP software

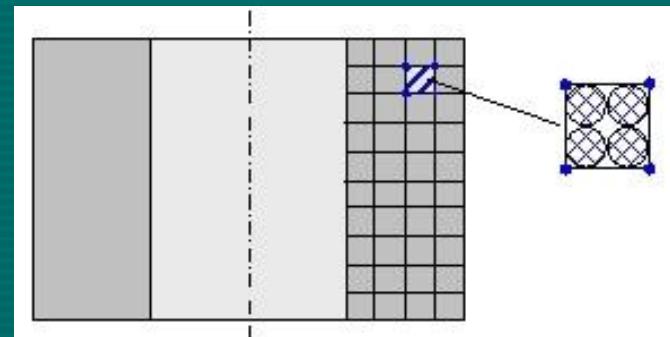
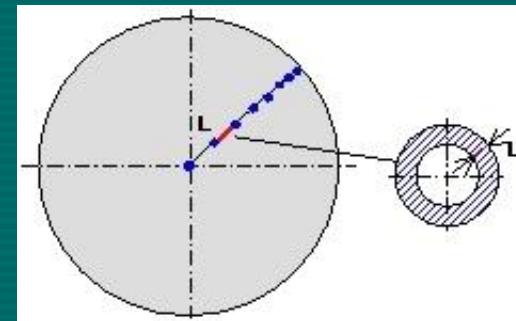
## Steel groups and limits of chemical composition

GROUP	C		Mn		Si		Cr		Ni		Mo		V	W	Ti	Nb	B	Al	N
	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	max	max	max	max	max	max	
C < 0.06	0.001	0.06	0.05	0.70	0.02	0.30	0	0.10	0	0.10	0	0.10	0.05	-	0.05	0.10	0.004	0.05	0.015
C < 0.20	0.06	0.25	0.20	1.50	0.05	1.50	0	0.40	0	0.25	0	0.10	0.10	-	0.05	0.10	0.004	0.05	0.015
C < 0.50	0.20	0.55	0.20	1.50	0.05	1.50	0	0.40	0	0.25	0	0.10	0.10	-	0.05	0.10	0.004	0.05	0.015
C < 0.95	0.50	1.15	0.20	1.50	0.05	1.50	0	0.40	0	0.25	0	0.10	0.10	-	0.05	-	0.004	0.05	0.015
Mn	0.10	0.50	1.50	2.00	0.05	1.50	0	2.0	0	0.25	0	0.10	0.25	-	-	0.10	0.004	0.05	0.015
Cr C < 0.6	0.15	0.65	0.20	1.20	0.05	0.40	0	1.50	0	0.25	0	0.10	0.40	-	-	-	0.004	0.05	0.015
Cr C > 0.6	0.60	1.15	0.20	1.20	0.05	0.40	0	1.50	0	0.25	0	0.10	0.40	-	-	-	0.004	0.05	0.015
Mo	0.15	0.55	0.40	1.20	0.05	0.40	0	0.40	0	0.25	0	0.40	-	-	-	-	0.004	0.05	0.015
Cr-Mo	0.15	0.65	0.40	1.00	0.05	0.40	0	1.50	0	0.25	0	0.40	-	-	-	-	-	0.05	0.015
Cr-Si	0.45	0.70	0.20	2.00	1.00	2.00	0	1.50	0	0.25	0	0.10	0.10	-	-	-	-	0.05	0.015
Ni-Cr-Mo	0.15	0.65	0.40	1.00	0.05	0.40	0	1.50	0	3.50	0	0.40	-	-	-	-	-	0.05	0.015

# DLPP software – Theoretical Background

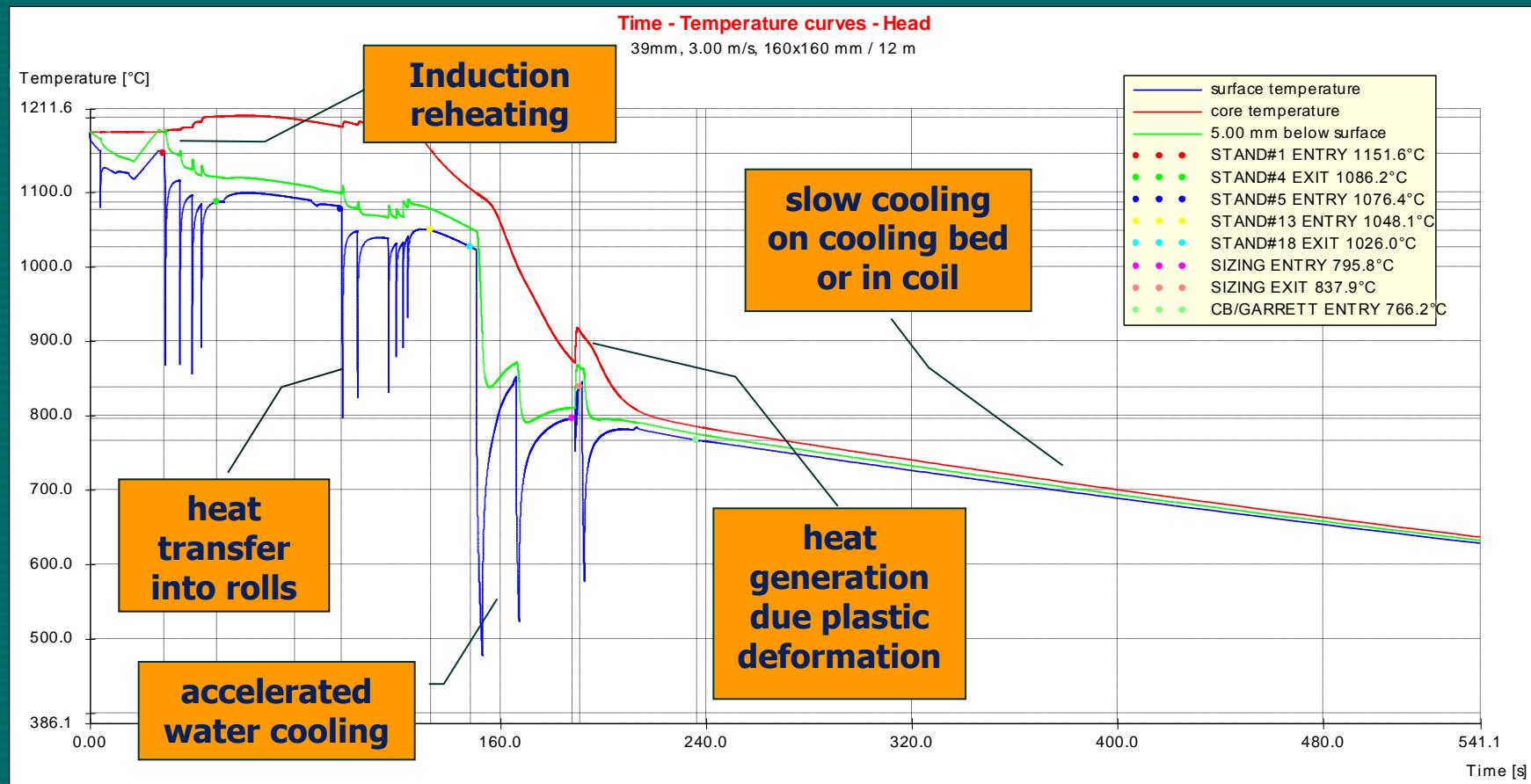
## Finite Element Temperature Models

- **Therm 1D** -> nonstationary heat transfer FE analysis for 1D axisymmetric bodies (linear 2-node ring)
- **Coil 2D** -> nonstationary heat transfer FE analysis for 2D plane axisymmetric bodies (linear 4-node quadrangle)
- **Model of thermal properties** -> thermal conductivity, density and specific heat depend on the coil temperature and its tightening
- **Heat transfer** -> time and temperature dependent heat transfer coefficient and ambient temperature



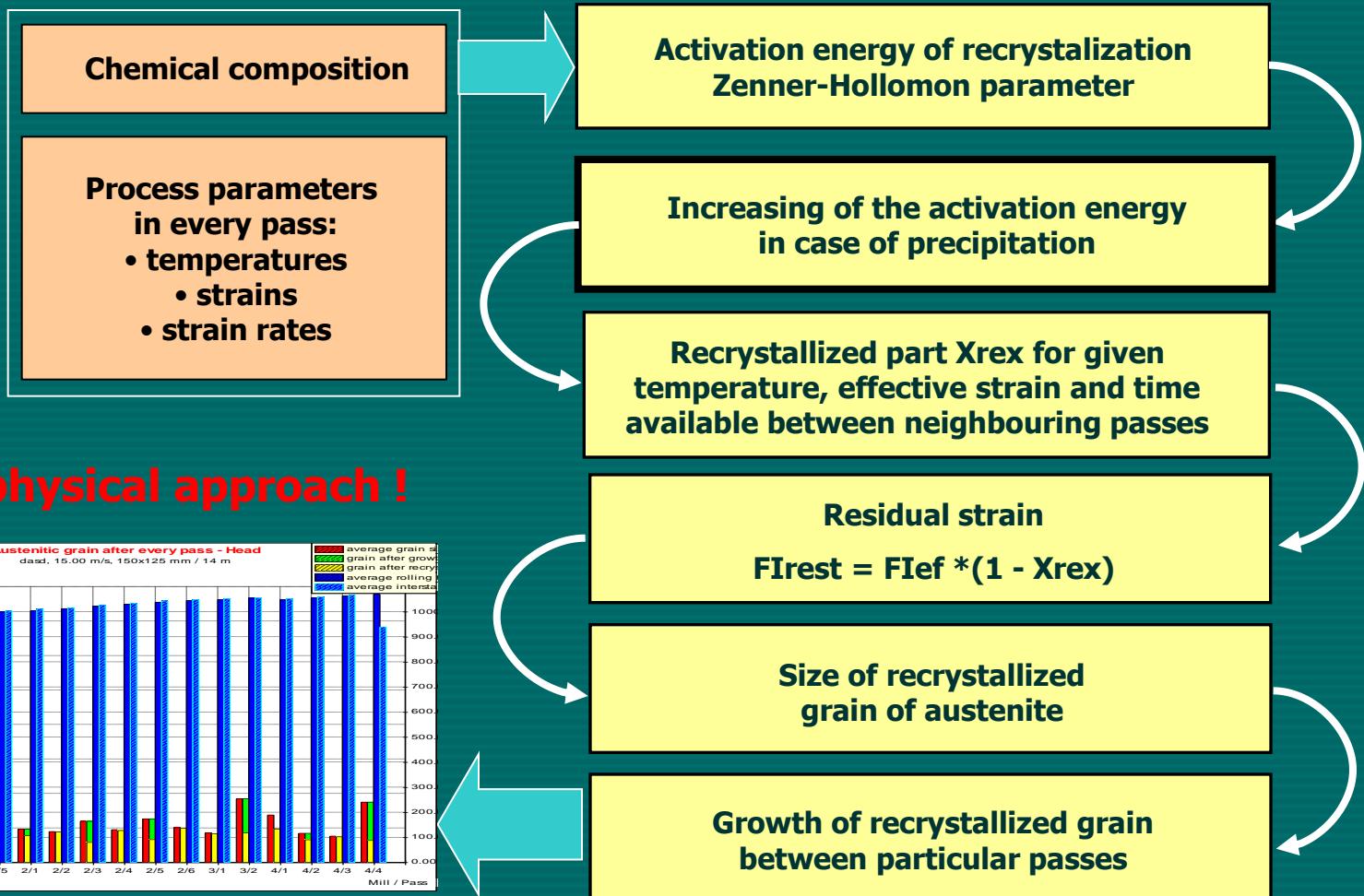
# DLPP software – Theoretical Background

## Finite Element Temperature Calculations



# DLPP software – Theoretical Background

## MetaROLL Module – Metallurgy during rolling



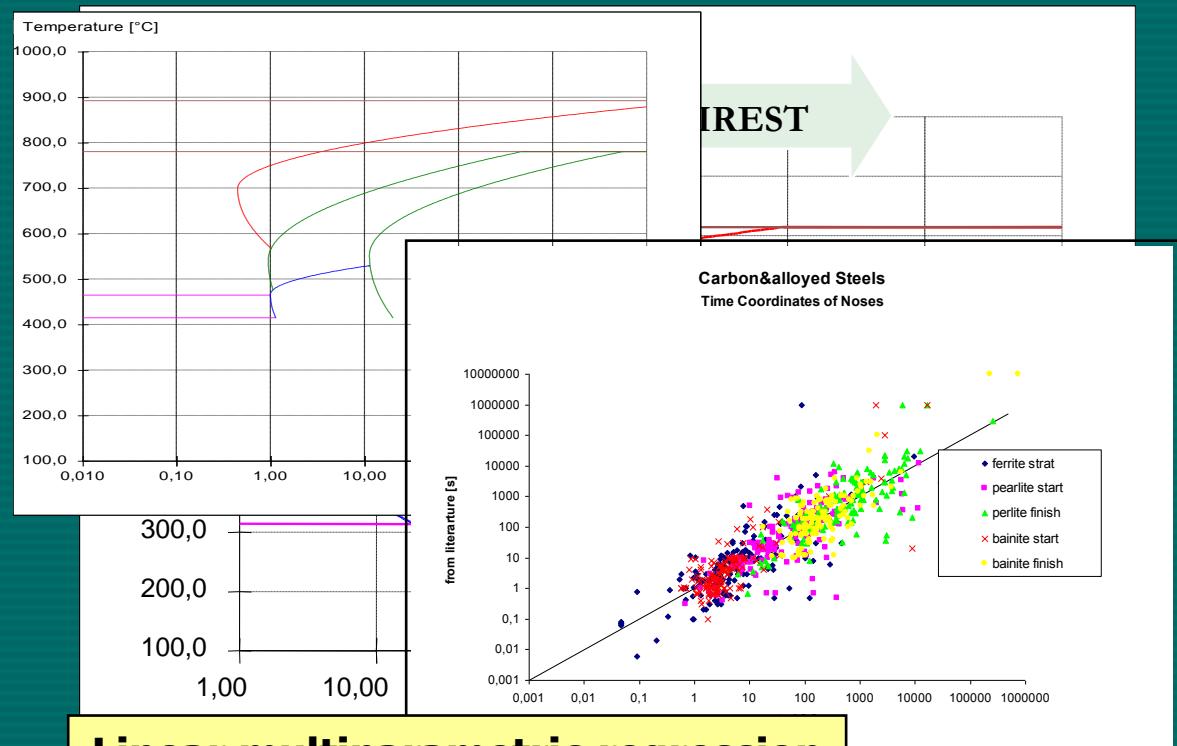
# DLPP software

## MetaCOOL Module – Metallurgy during cooling - Step 1

### CCT Diagram Prediction

### Structure Shares Calculation

### Mechanical Properties Calculation



### Linear multiparametric regression

$$S(i) = \exp(B_0 + \sum (B(i) \cdot C(i)))$$

$$T(i) = A_0 + \sum (A(i) \cdot C(i))$$

$$S_x = S_{ox} \cdot A_s \cdot \exp((-B_s + C_s \cdot C_{ox}) \cdot \frac{V}{V_{ox}} \cdot \frac{1}{(T - T_{ox})^{1/3}}) \cdot \exp(F_s \cdot B)$$

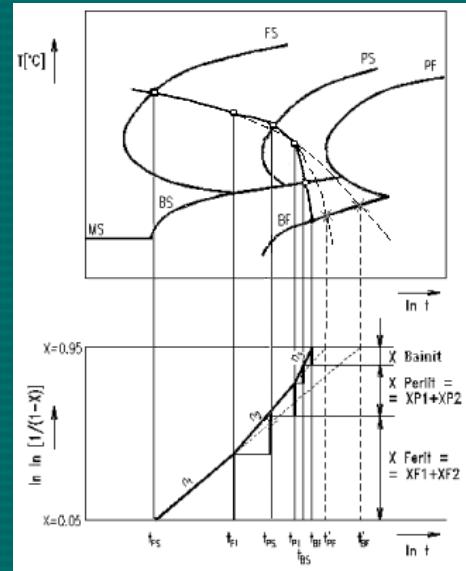
# DLPP software – Theoretical Background

## MetaCOOL Module – Metallurgy during cooling - Step 2

CCT Diagram  
Prediction

Structure Shares  
Calculation

Mechanical Properties  
Calculation



Avrami equation  
for pearlite and bainite  
transformation

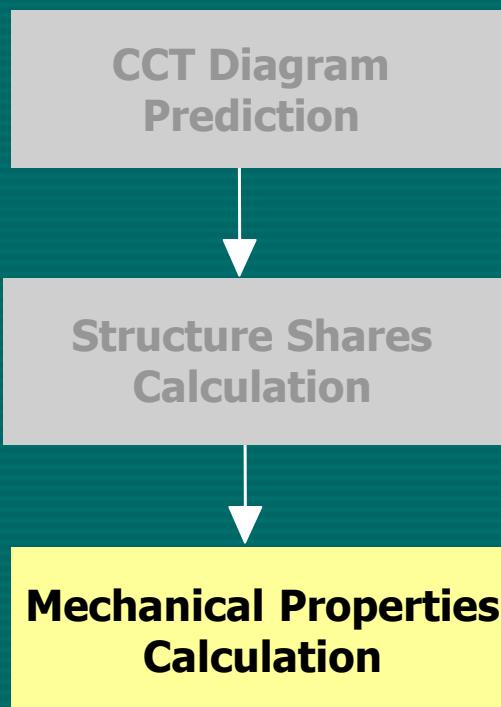
$$X_i(t, T) = (1 - \exp(-k \cdot t^n)) \cdot X_\gamma$$

Koistinen-Marburger equation for martensite  
transformation

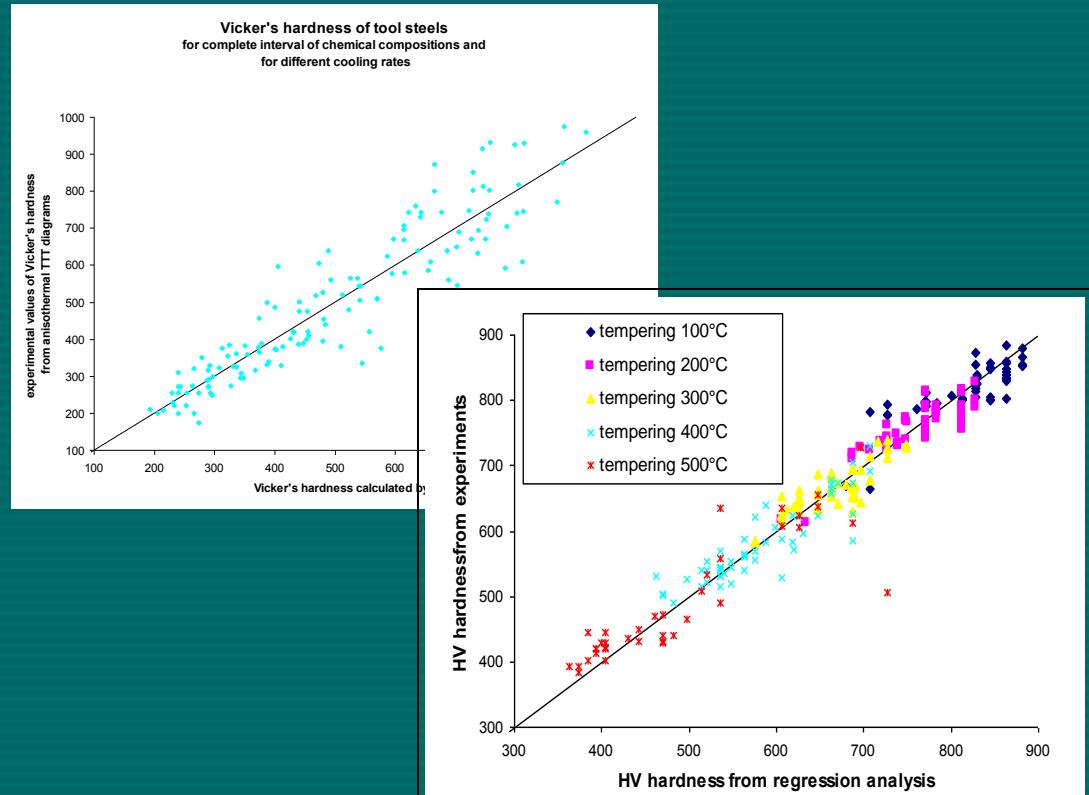
$$X_m(T) = (1 - \exp(-b \cdot (T_{MS} - T)^n)) \cdot X_\gamma$$

# DLPP software – Theoretical Background

## MetaCOOL Module – Metallurgy during cooling - Step 3

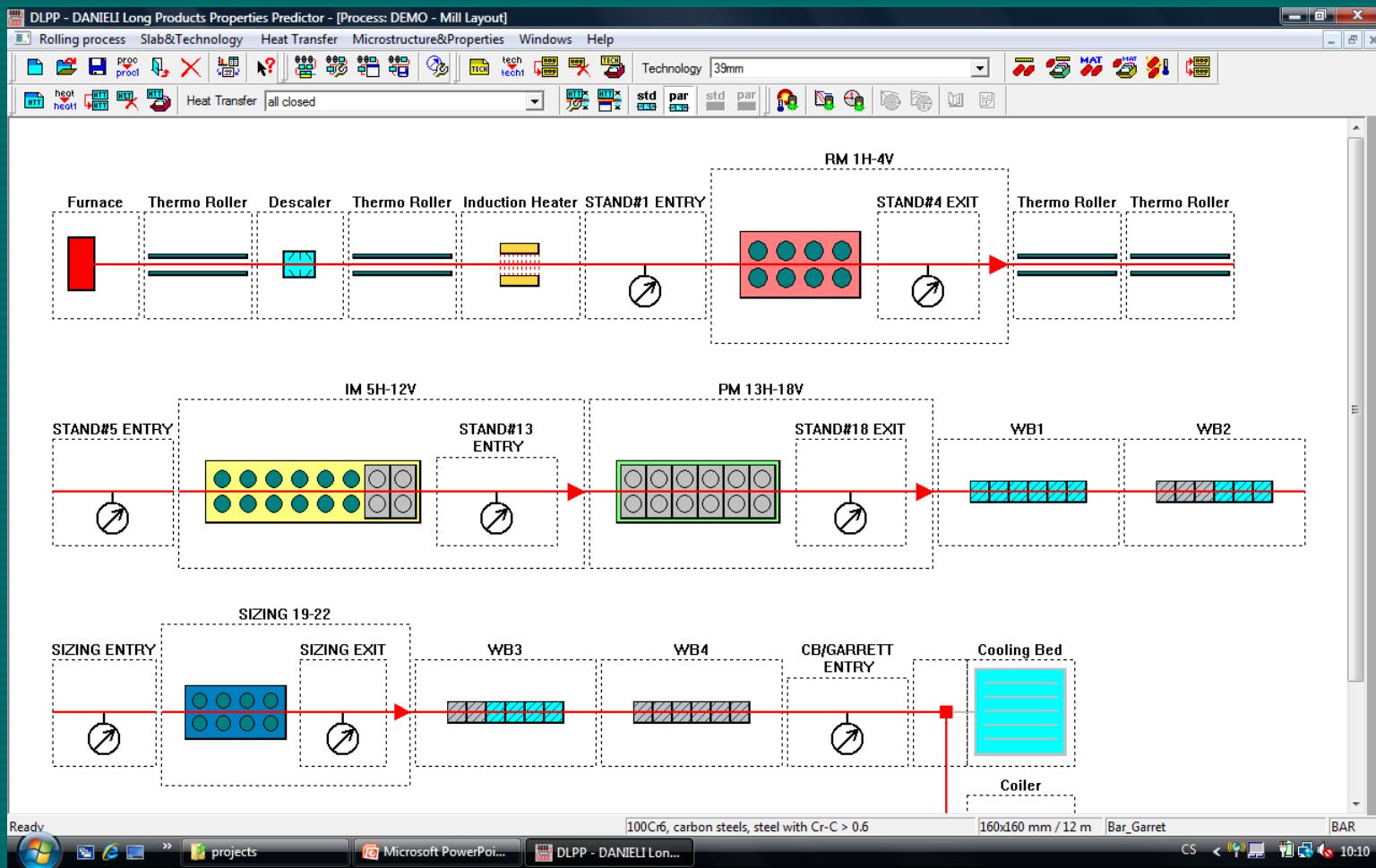


**Linear regression**

$$HV = C_0 + \%Fe * \sum (C1_i * c_i) + \%Pe * \sum (C2_i * c_i) + \\ \%Ba * \sum (C3_i * c_i) + \%Ma * \sum (C4_i * c_i)$$


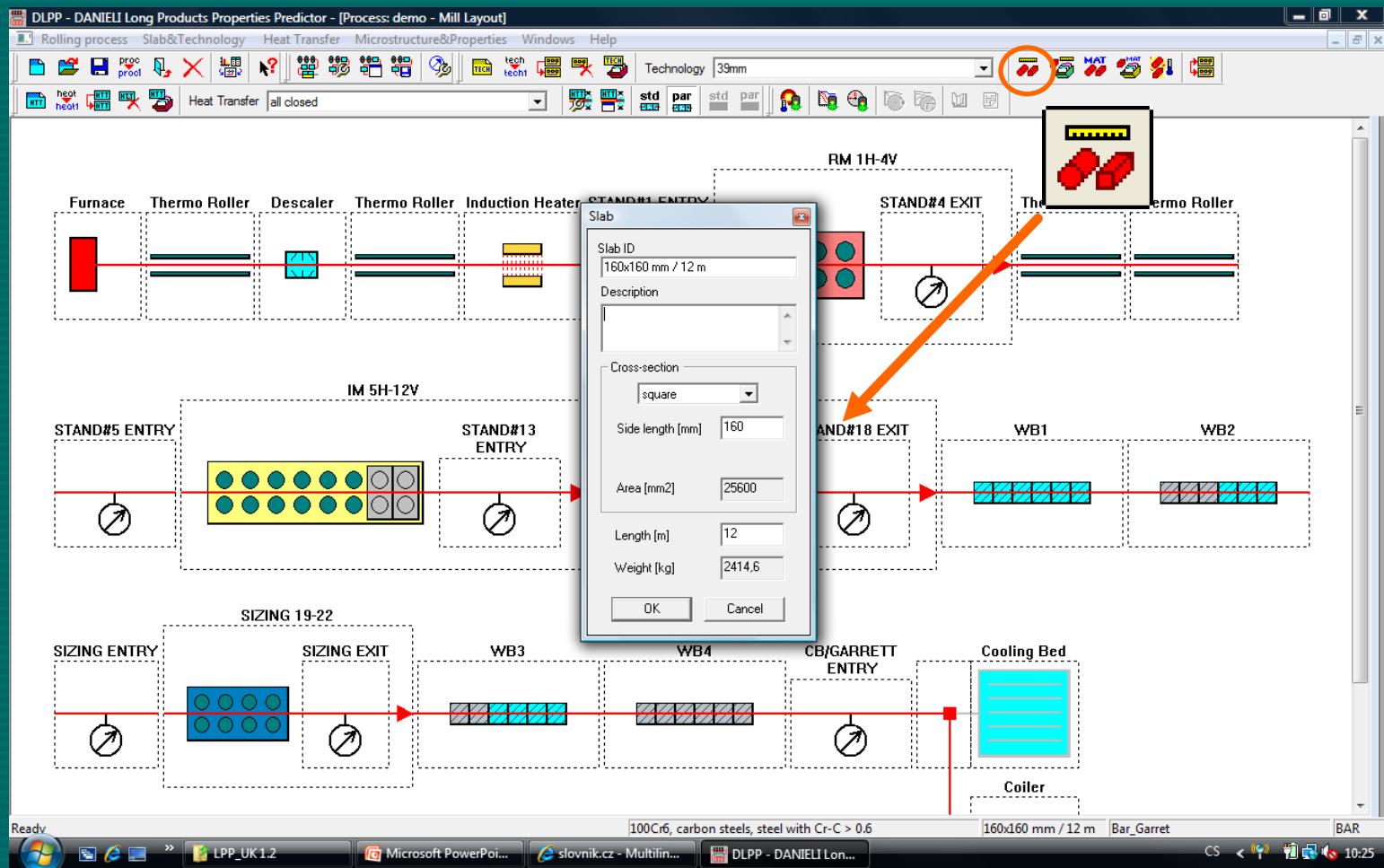
# DLPP – Technique of process simulation

## New Rolling process -> Import of Layout



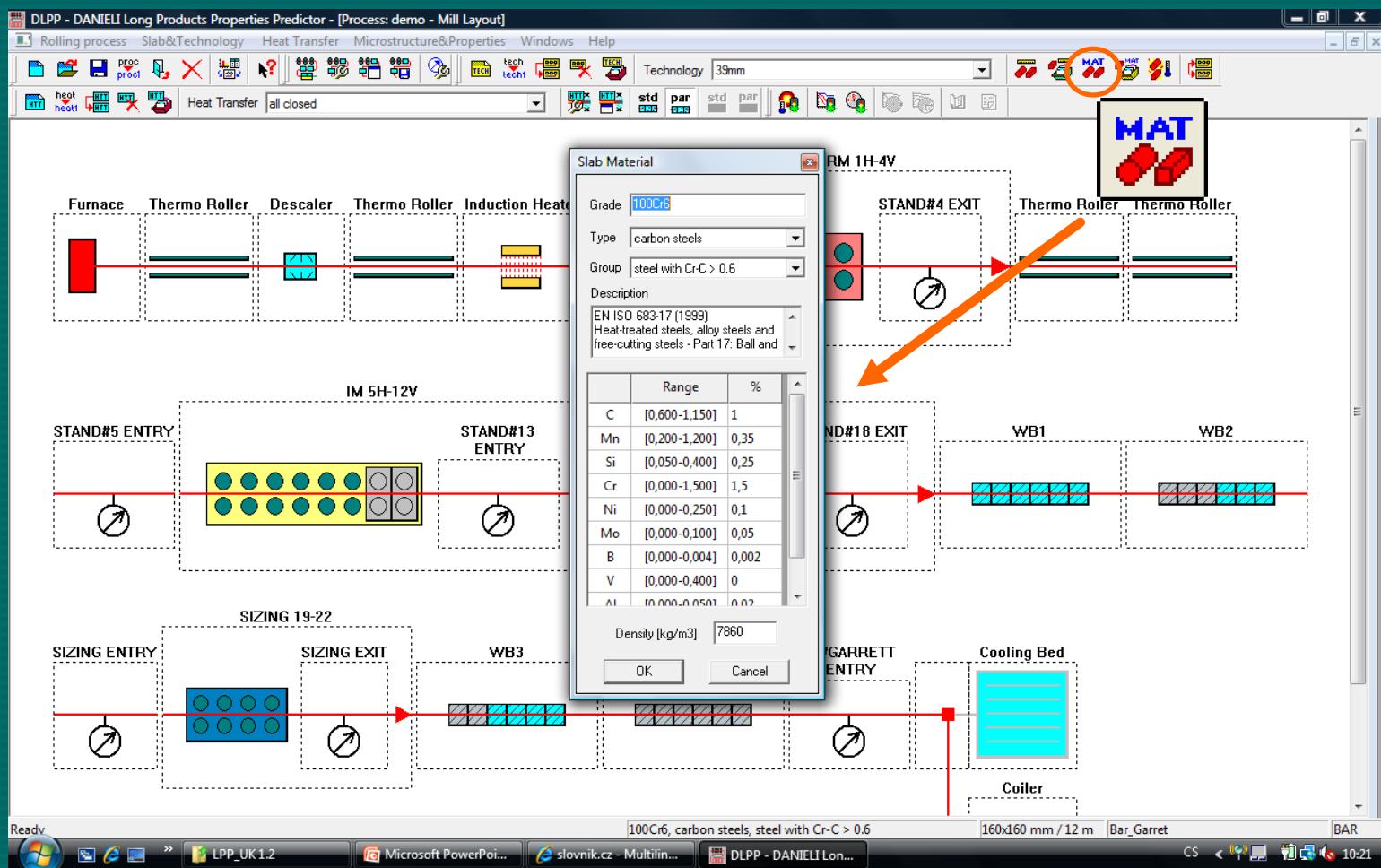
# DLPP – Technique of process simulation

## Slab specification



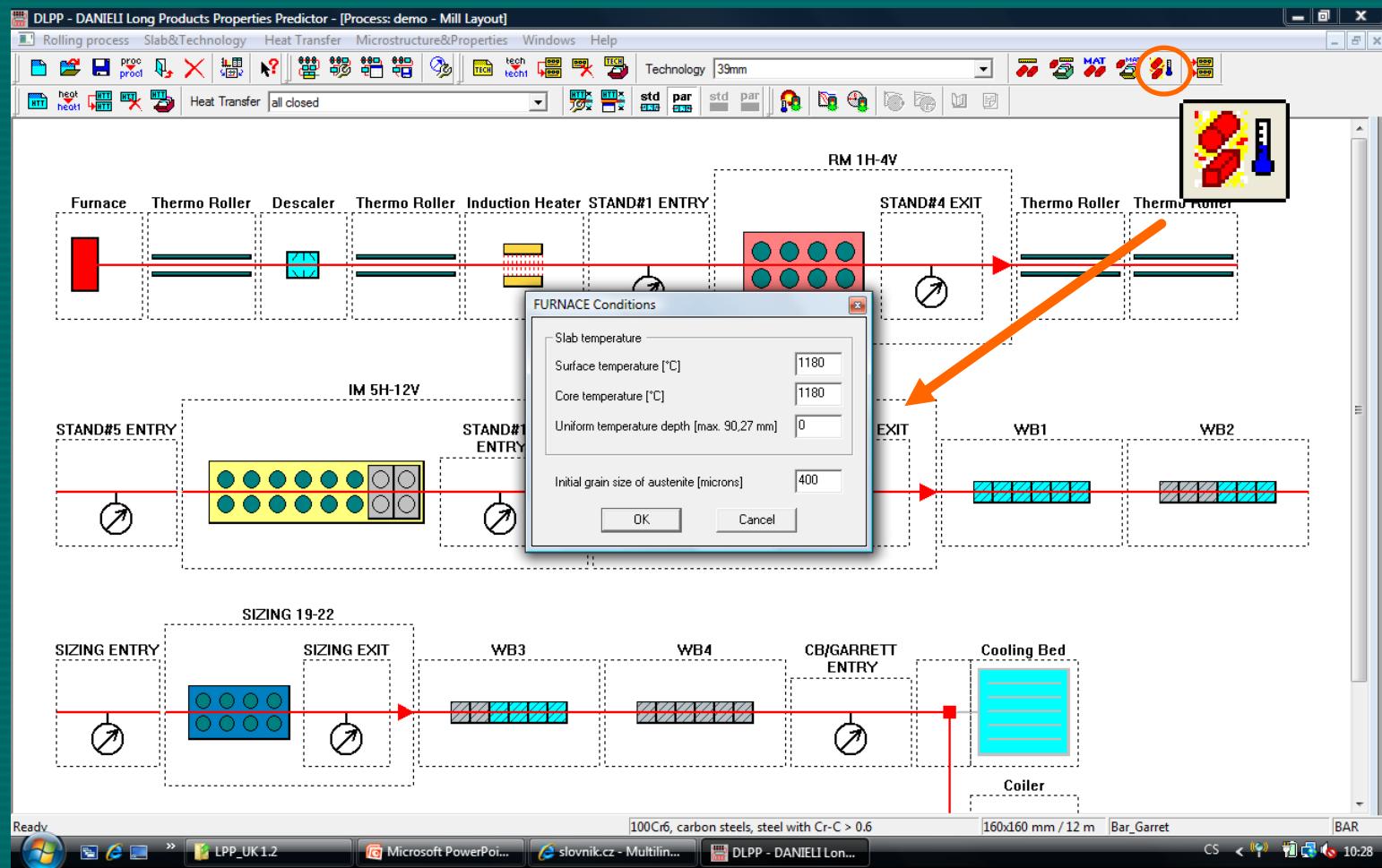
# DLPP – Technique of process simulation

## Steel specification

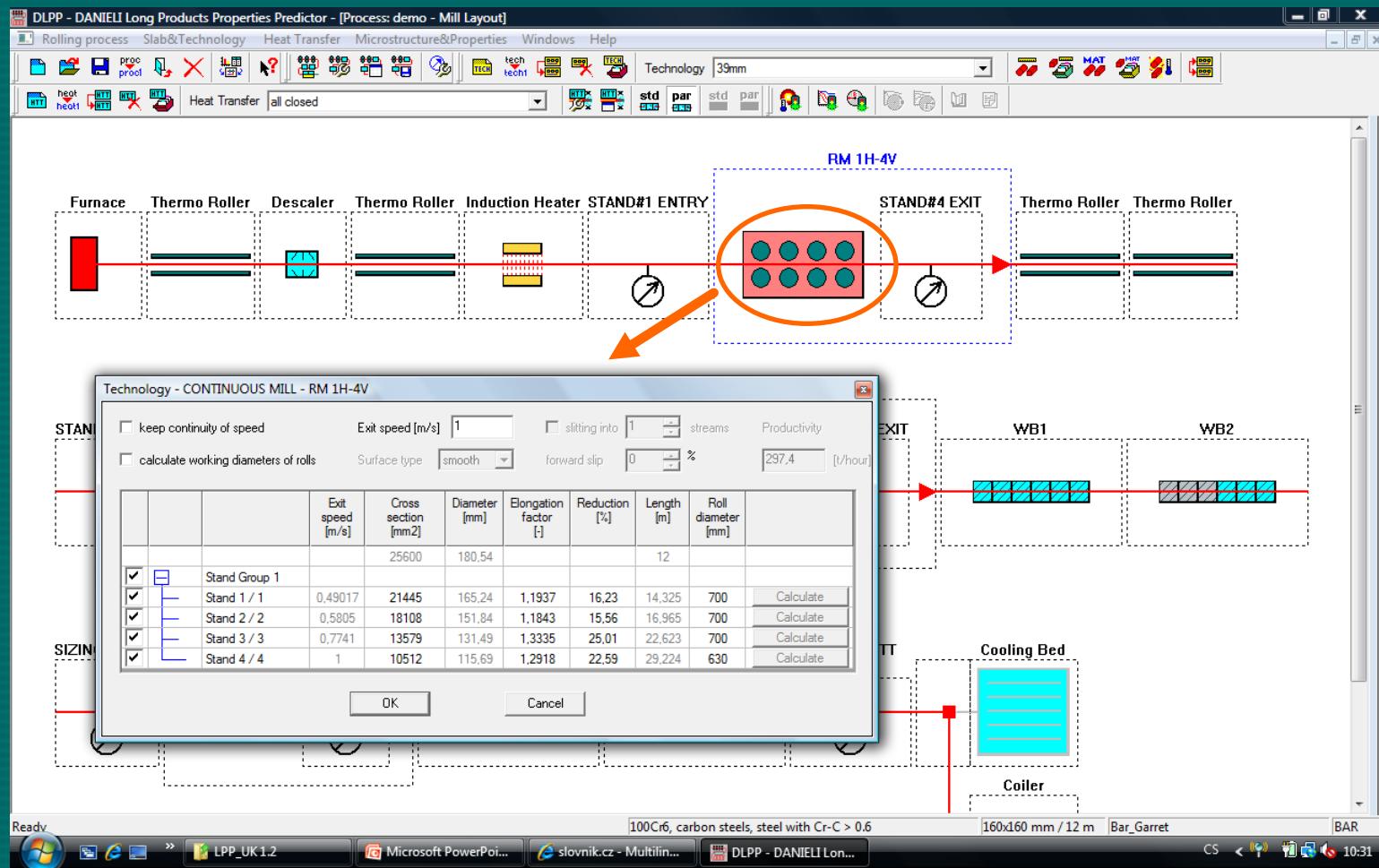


# DLPP – Technique of process simulation

## Furnace conditions

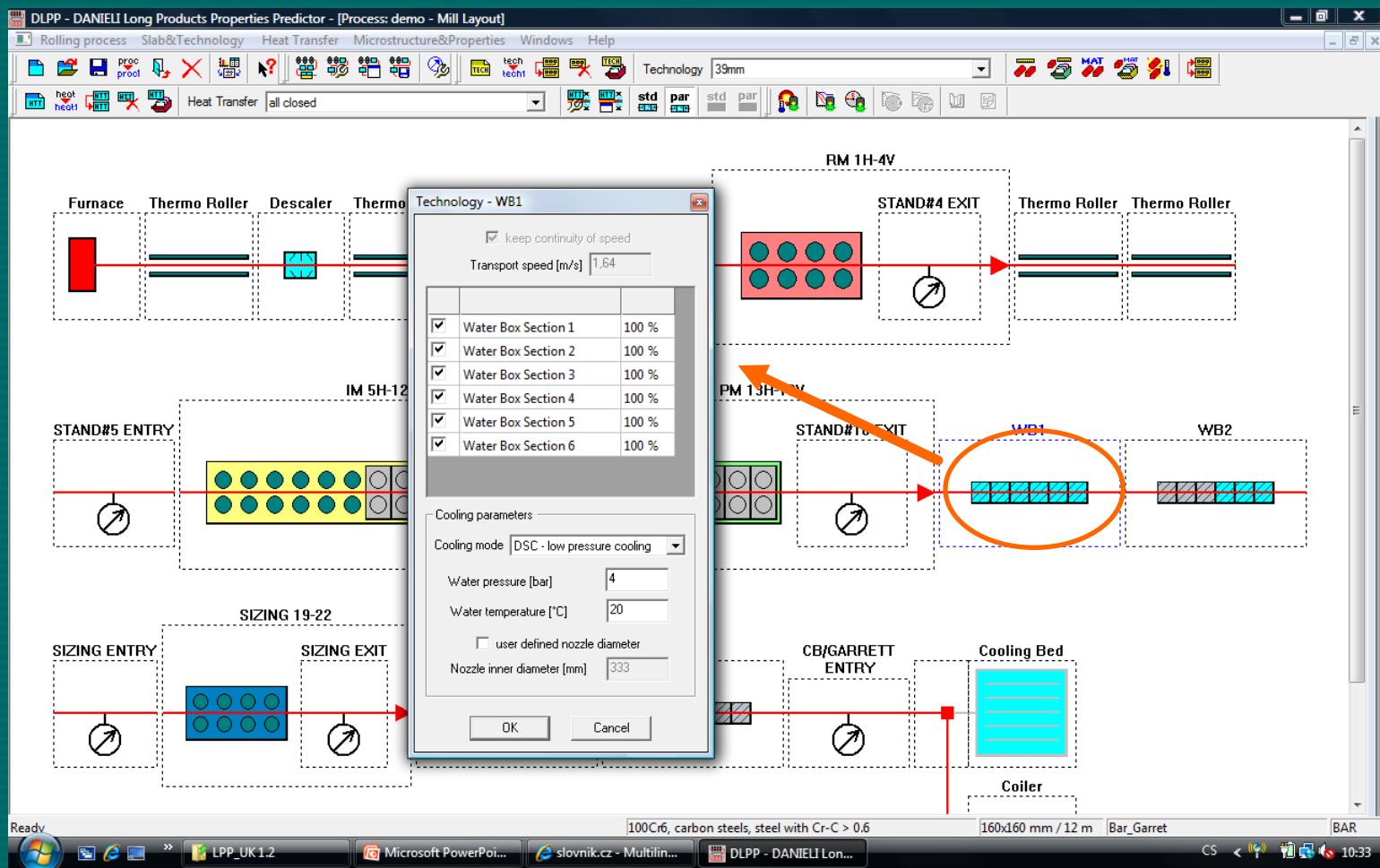


# DLPP – Technique of process simulation Rolling Technology



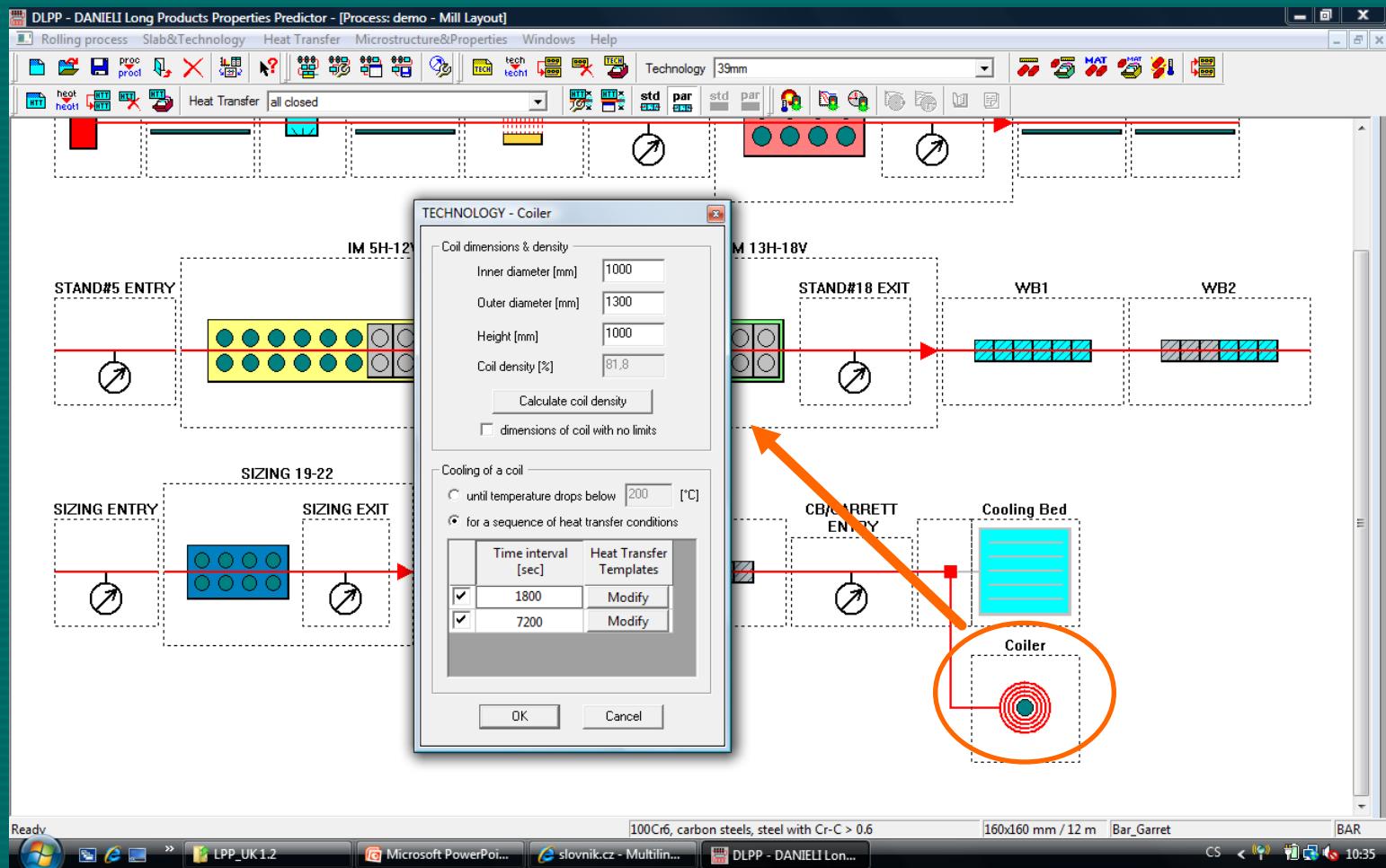
# DLPP – Technique of process simulation

## Water Box Cooling Technology



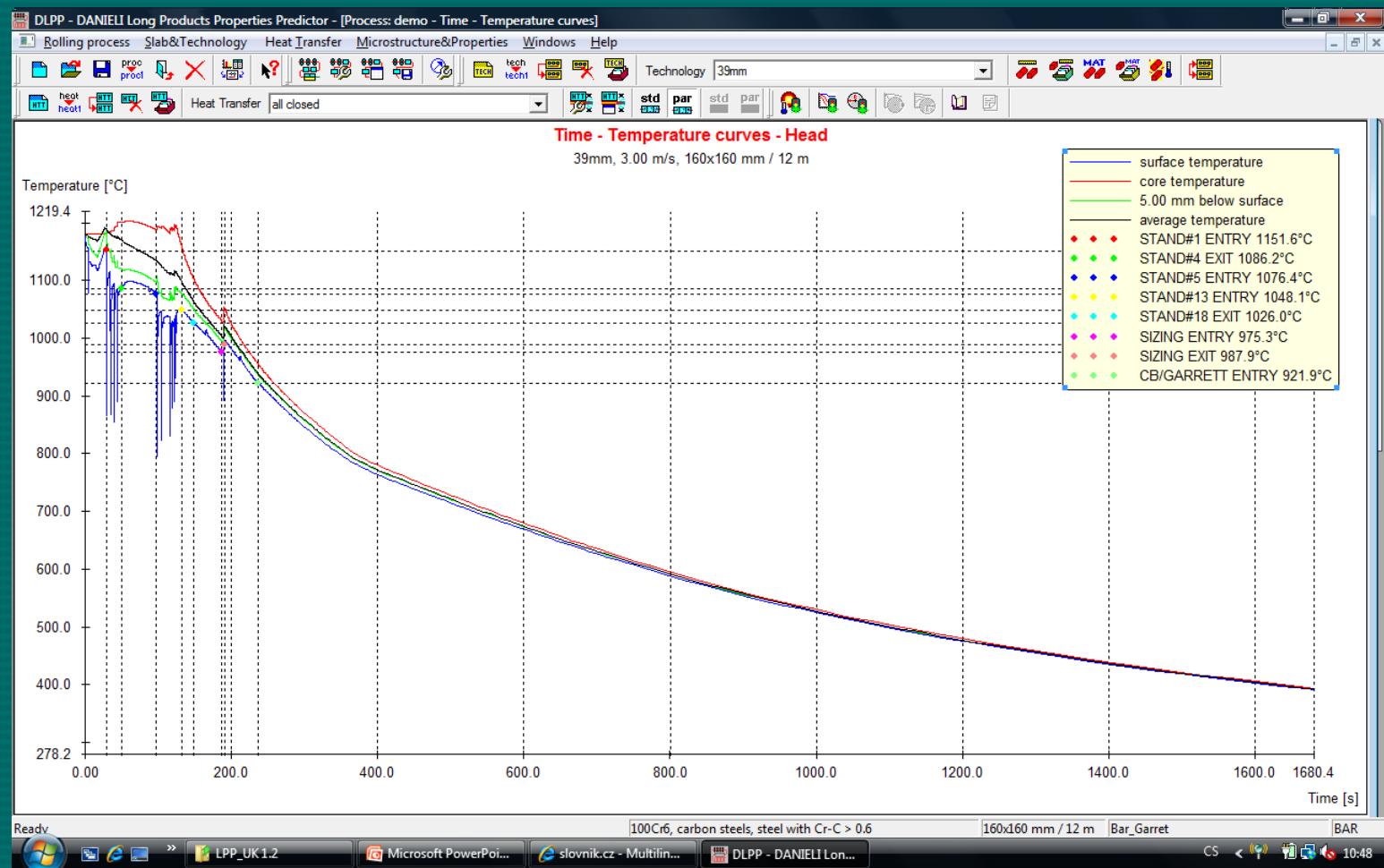
# DLPP – Technique of process simulation

## Garret Cooling Technology



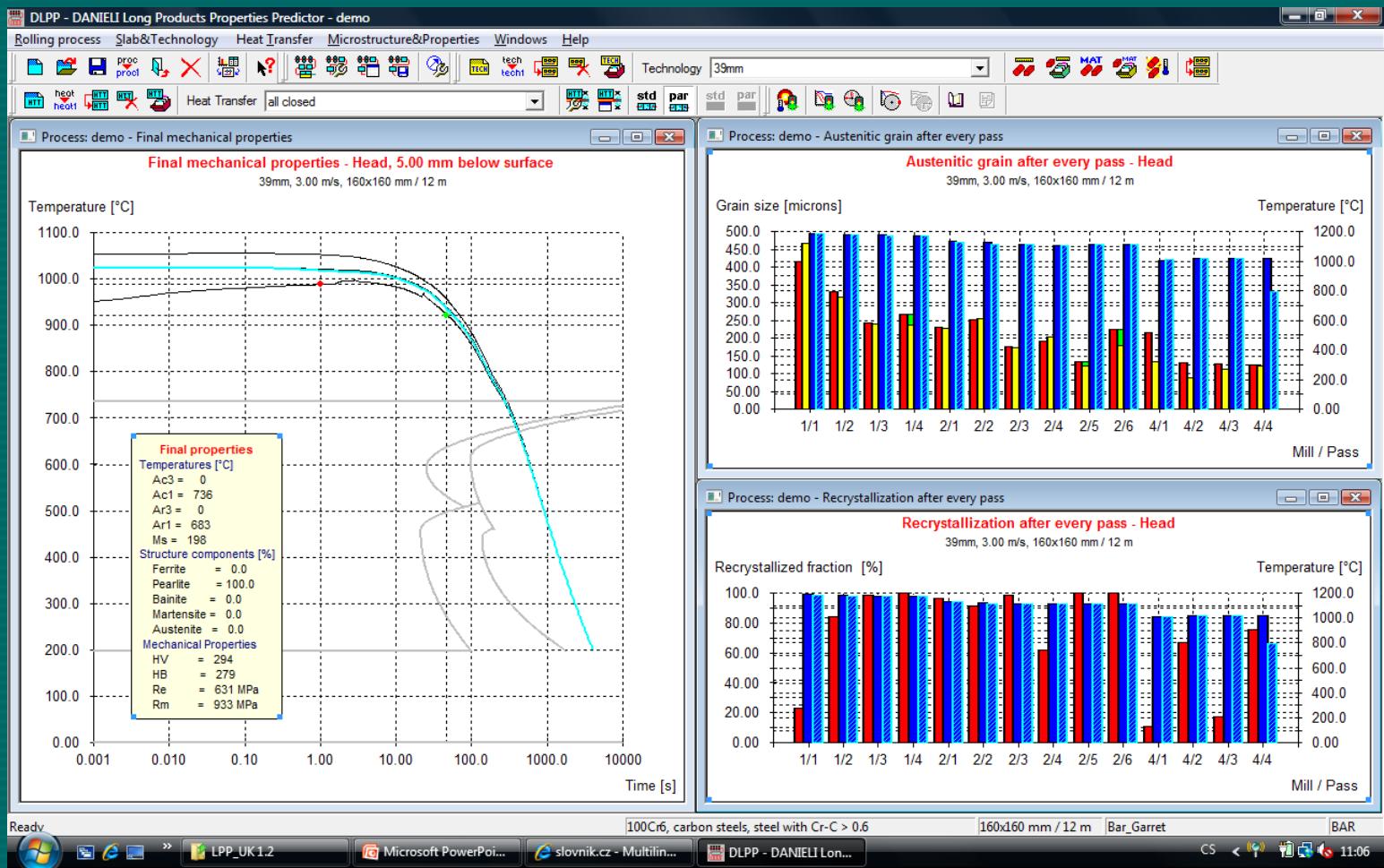
# DLPP – Technique of process simulation

## Temperature calculations



# DLPP – Technique of process simulation

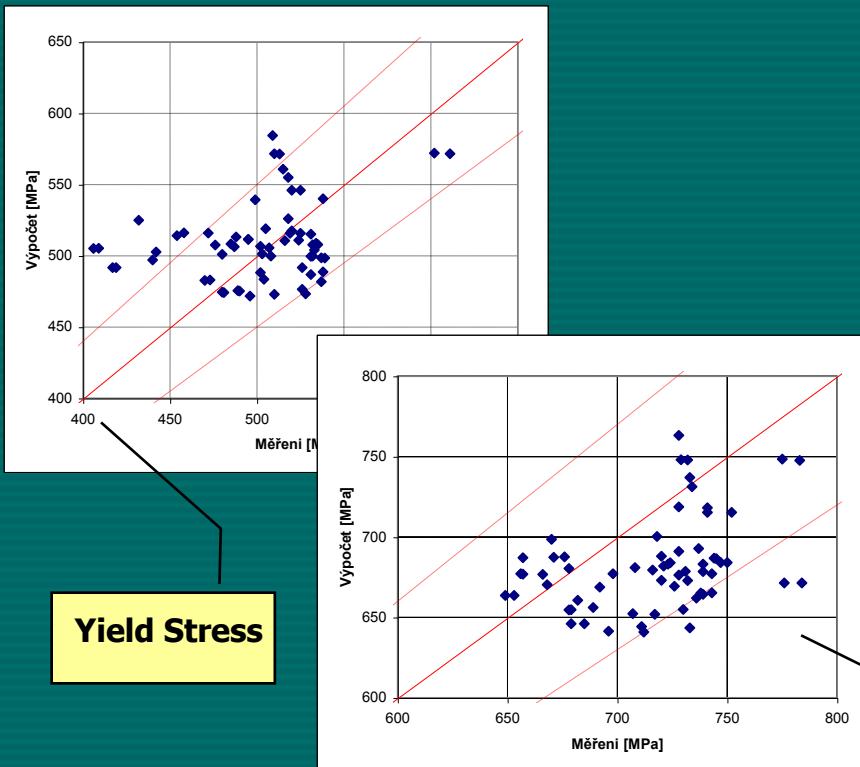
## Metallurgical calculations



# DLPP - Examples

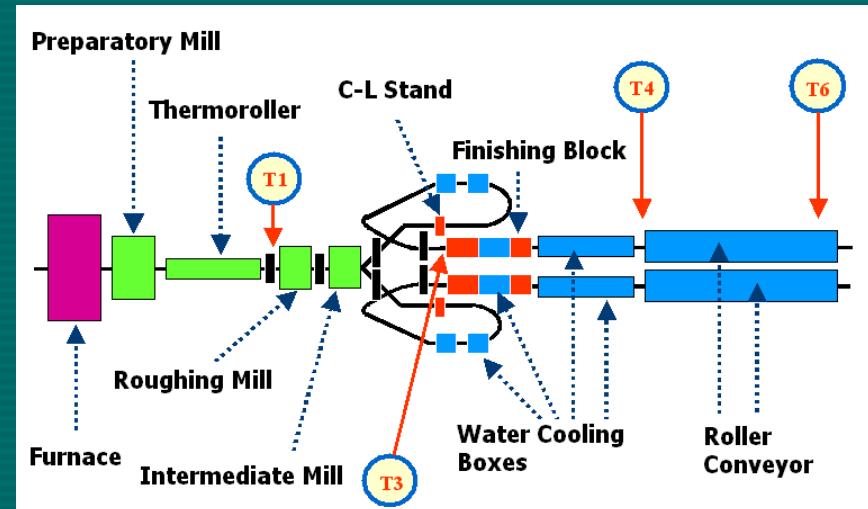
## Verification for WIRE ROD rolling

( 64 pcs) various diameters	C	Mn	Si	Cr	Ni	Ti	B
	0.403	0.64	0.26	0.06	0.02	0.002	0.0002



**Yield Stress**

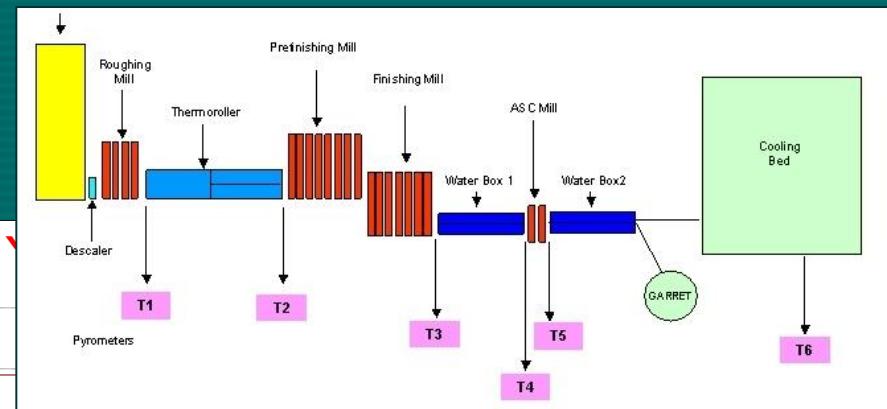
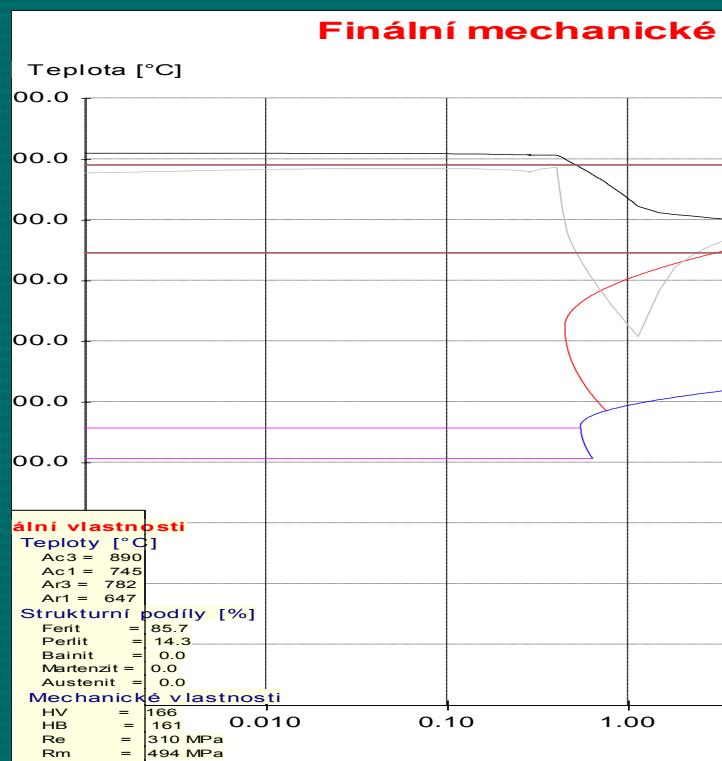
**Ultimate  
Tensile  
Strength**



# DLPP - Examples

## Verification for BAR rolling

C	Mn	Si	Ti
<b>0.065</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.15</b>



Diameter 40 mm	Re (MPa)	Rm (MPa)	% of Ferrite	% of Pearlite
measured	284	396	97	3
calculated	305	414	86	14

# DLPP - Examples

## QTB Technology - verification

### Bar for reinforcement

Diameter: 32 mm

Exit rolling speed: 7.2 m/s

Exit temperature: 995 C

Cooling equipment:

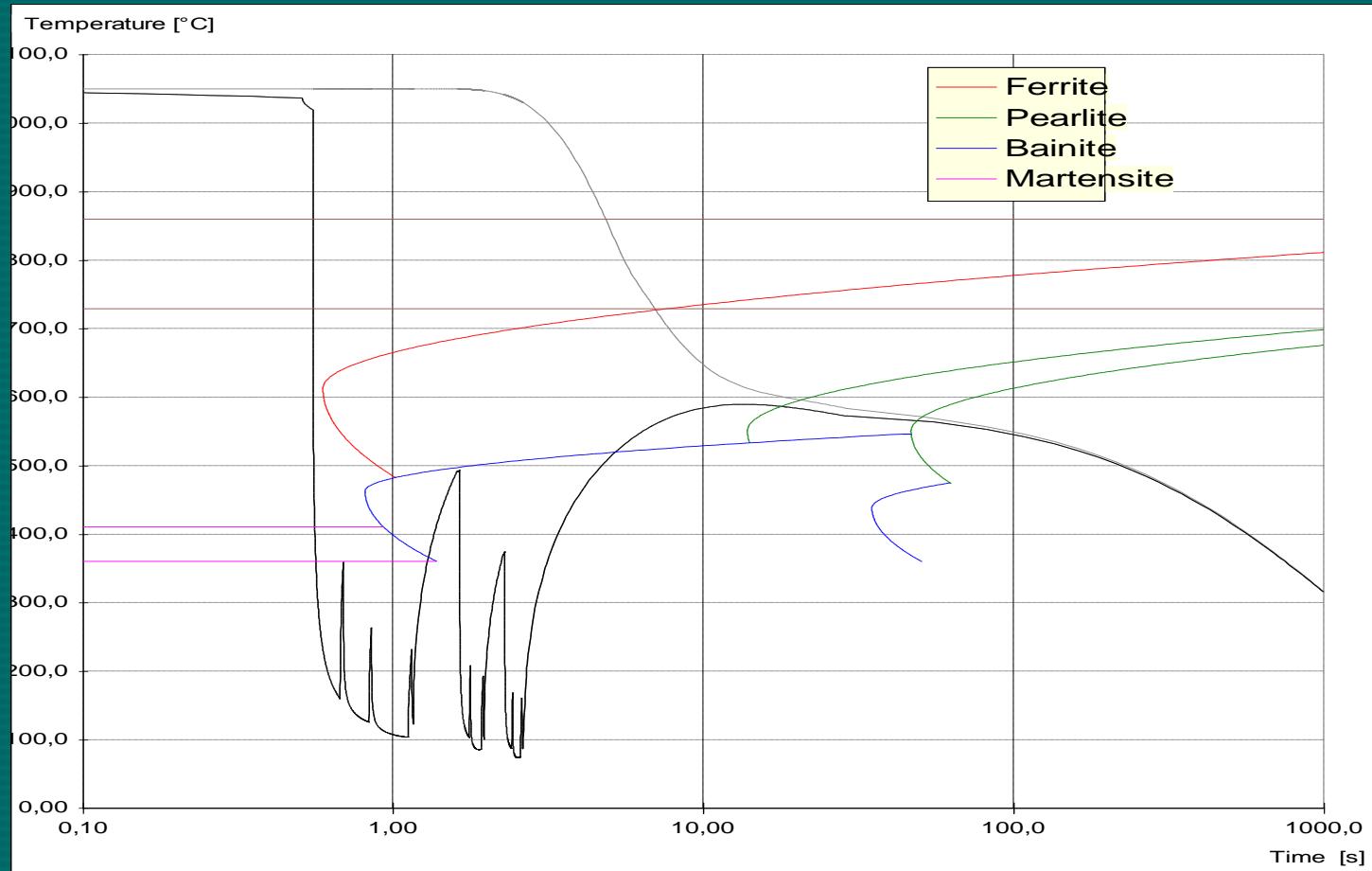
Water tubes + Cooling bed

Chemical composition:

C 0.2, Mn 0.9, Si 0.4, Ti 0.03

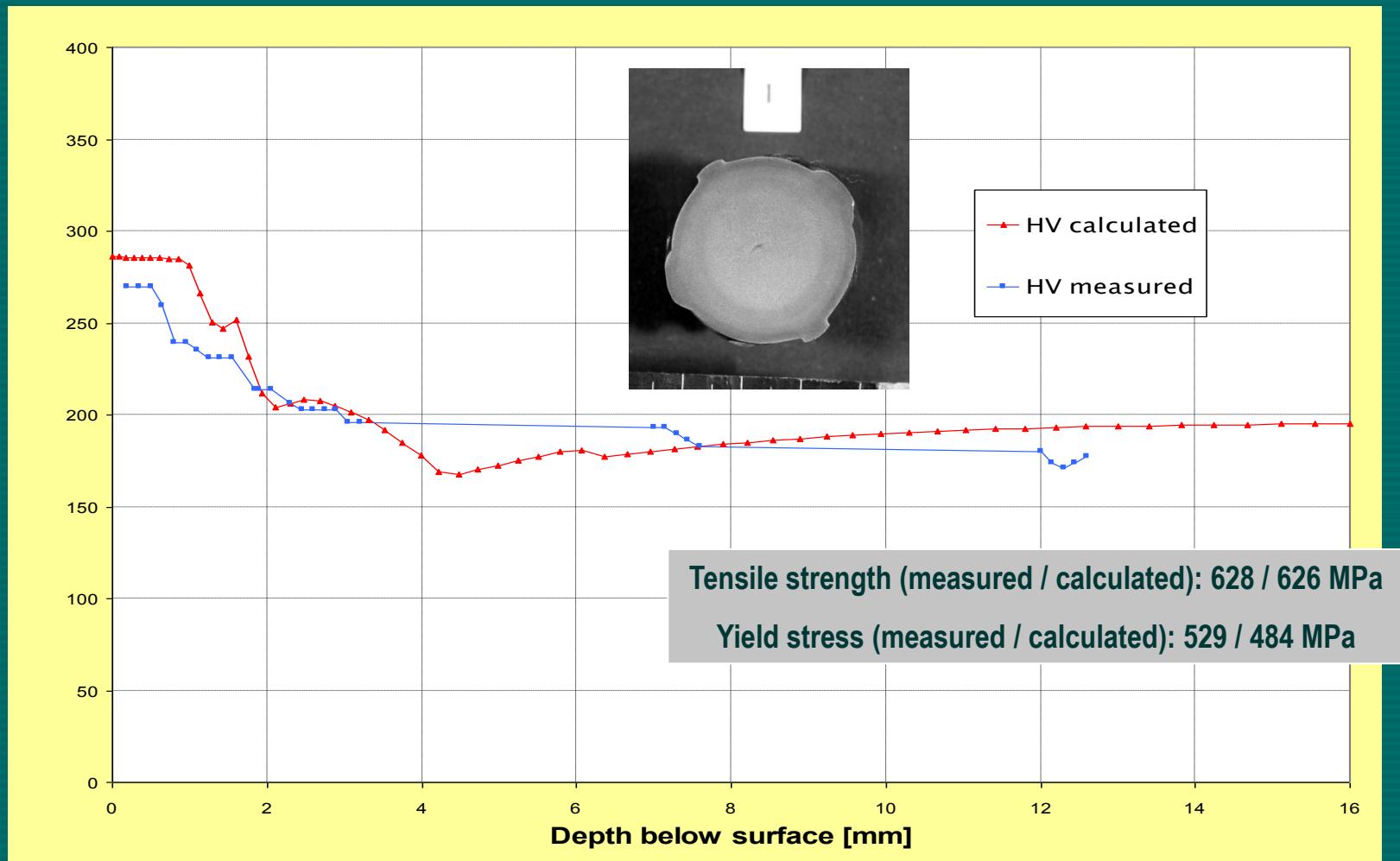
# DLPP - Examples

## QTB Technology – austenite decomposition



# DLPP - Examples

## QTB Technology – HV Hardness



# DLPP - Danieli Long Products Properties Predictor Summary

- the DLPP has been developed for off-line computer simulation of metallurgical processes in hot rolled bars or wire rods during rolling and after subsequent cooling!
- based on specified steel chemistry and rolling technology the DLPP predicts microstructure parameters of deformed austenite after rolling, especially grain size, recrystallized fraction and retained strain!
- based on specified steel chemistry, microstructure of deformed austenite and cooling strategy the DLPP predicts secondary structure shares and corresponding mechanical properties of final product!
- the DLPP can be delivered including training and tuning for specific conditions of your plant!



thank  
for your  
attention!